STANLEY

Appl. No. 09/760,819

June 4, 2002

## APPENDIX MARK UP VERSION SHOWINGS CHANGES MADE

## IN THE CLAIMS:

The claims have been amended as indicated below.

(Amended) A process for the replication of a nucleic acid template comprising
 bonding a primer having a sequence complementary to a portion of a nucleic acid

 template to a carrier macromolecule that does not inhibit DNA polymerase activity;

hybridizing the bound primer [hybridising] to said template; [a primer having a sequence complementary to a portion of said template, which primer is bound to a carrier macromolecule,] and

extending said primer to replicate said template in complementary form.

18. (Amended) A method of detecting the presence of a nucleic acid bound to a carrier macromolecule comprising:

providing a first nucleic acid bound to a carrier macromolecule that does not inhibit DNA polymerase activity;

providing a second nucleic acid bound to a carrier macromolecule that does not inhibit

DNA polymerase activity,

contacting said <u>first and second</u> nucleic acids under hybridization conditions, and detecting [hybridisation] hybridization between said first and second nucleic acids.

## **AMENDMENT**

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- 21. (Amended) An immobilized nucleic acid comprising a nucleic acid bound to a carrier macromolecule that does not inhibit DNA polymerase activity, which macromolecule is itself bound to a solid support.
- 22. (Amended) A method of using the [The use of an] immobilized nucleic acid as claimed in Claim 21 comprising:

formulating the immobilized nucleic acid as a primer or as a hybridization probe and introducing the immobilized nucleic acid into a reaction utilizing a primer or a hybridization probe.